



# Collecting information

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# Agenda

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- NMap
- Web caches
- Web Archive
- WhoIs
- MX-Records
- Wireshark



- NMap (Network MAPper) is a network scanner
  - It tries to find all computers in a specific network and checks what ports are open, what OS they are running, whether there is a firewall, etc.
- It does not look for specific vulnerabilities!
  - But it gives recommendations; e.g. services to disable
  - Some scans + vuln. systems → Lock-up/crash!
- Used as a tool for inventory generation in a network
  - Are there any computers which should not be there?
  - Can also be used to gather information for a later attack
    - » Which OS/software and which version is running
- Stages: 1 = Host discovery, 2 = Port scan, 3 = Service/version detection, 4 = OS detection, 5 = Scripting
  - Scripting may also include vulnerability/malware detection!



# NMap and forensics

- To gather an “inventory” of what exists
  - Computers → Try to find them physically, if they show up!
  - Services → If port 22 is open, but no SSH server is running, you should investigate the computer in detail
    - » Hint at a rootkit, which hides itself
    - » Similar for “normal” and “public” services:
      - Should they be running?
      - What are they doing?
- Advantage: Happens from outside & from a trusted computer
  - If the port is open, this cannot be hidden as e.g. from netstat!
- Where to find information on ports?
  - C:\Windows\System32\drivers\etc\services
    - » Name, TCP, and/or UDP; sometimes a comment
  - Google for the “unofficial” uses
    - Official: <http://www.iana.org/assignments/service-names-port-numbers/service-names-port-numbers.xml>
    - See also: [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List\\_of\\_TCP\\_and\\_UDP\\_port\\_numbers](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_TCP_and_UDP_port_numbers)



- Usage:
  - Start program and enter IP address
  - Select profile for scanning
    - » Special options only available in the command line version or when constructing a new profile!
- Your tasks:
  - Install NMap (+ the UI – Zenmap)
  - Scan the local subnet for hosts
    - » Use a “Quick scan”
  - Scan the machine of your neighbour
    - » Use a “Regular scan”
  - Interpret the results
    - » Correct output?
    - » Something surprising/dangerous found?



# Sample result: NMap local subnet scan

The screenshot shows the Zenmap interface with the following details:

- Ziel:** 140.78.100.128/25
- Profil:** Ping scan
- Befehl:** nmap -sn 140.78.100.128/25
- Rechner:** A list of discovered hosts including r1-intern.fim.uni-linz.ac.at, hp2824-1a.fim.uni-linz.ac.at, npic3f08e.fim.uni-linz.ac.at, hpljm602.fim.uni-linz.ac.at, praher-vista32.fim.uni-linz.ac.at, inge\_xp.ads2-fim.uni-linz.ac.at, 140.78.100.166, sabine-win7.ads2-fim.uni-linz.ac.at, 140.78.100.206, 140.78.100.208, michael\_w7.ads2-fim.uni-linz.ac.at, jrm\_win7.ads2-fim.uni-linz.ac.at, 140.78.100.250, and 140.78.100.251.
- Nmap-Ausgabe:** Detailed scan results for each host, including MAC addresses and latency information. The scan is completed in 2.73 seconds with 128 IP addresses scanned and 14 hosts up.

# Sample result: NMap info



Rechnerbetrachter

Hosts: r1-inte, router, inge\_s, habib., jrm\_w., hplj410, hp282, hp282, hp262, alex\_v, praher, cs140-, 140.78, fim\_ma, hoer\_, npi805

Allgemein | Dienste | Traceroute

**Allgemeine Informationen**

Adresse: [ipv4] 140.78.100.31

Rechnername: [PTR] router.fim.uni-linz.ac.at

**Betriebssystem**

Benutzte Ports: 1/tcp closed

Klasse: Fingerabdruck

%	Vendor	Type	Family	Version
100	Cisco	router	IOS	12.X
100	Cisco	switch	IOS	12.X

Reihen

Rechnerbetrachter

Hosts: r1-inte, router, inge\_s, habib., jrm\_w., hplj410, hp282, hp282, hp262, alex\_v, praher, cs140-, 140.78, fim\_ma, hoer\_, npi805

Allgemein | Dienste | Traceroute

Ports (5) | Extraports (995) | Spezialfelder

Port	Protocol	State	Service	Method
135	tcp	filtered	msrpc	table
135	state	reason_ip		
135	state	state	filtered	
135	state	reason		
135	state	reason_ttl		
135	service	product		
135	service	name	msrpc	
135	service	extrainfo	<Spezialfeld>	
135	service	version		
135	service	conf	3	
135	service	method	table	
139	tcp	filtered	netbios-ssn	table
445	tcp	filtered	microsoft-ds	table
502	tcp	filtered	http-post-error	table



# Sample result: NMap info

The screenshot shows the Zenmap application window. At the top, the 'Ziel' (Target) is set to '140.78.100.31' and the 'Profil' (Profile) is 'Comprehensive'. The command line shows: `nmap -sS -sU -sV -T4 -O -A -v -PE -PM -PP -PS -PA -PU -PO -PY 140.78.100.31`. The interface is divided into several panes. On the left, a list of hosts is shown under 'Rechner', with 'router.fim' selected. The main pane displays the scan results for 'router.fim.uni-linz.ac.at (140.78.100.31)'. The results are organized into sections: 'Kommentare', 'Rechnerstatus', 'Adressen', and 'Rechnernamen'. The 'Rechnerstatus' section shows the host is up, with 0 open ports, 5 filtered ports, and 995 closed ports. The 'Adressen' section shows the IPv4 address as 140.78.100.31. The 'Rechnernamen' section shows the host name as 'router.fim.uni-linz.ac.at - PTR'.

**Zenmap**

Scan Werkzeuge Profil Hilfe

Ziel: 140.78.100.31 Profil: Comprehensive Scan Abbrechen

Befehl: nmap -sS -sU -sV -T4 -O -A -v -PE -PM -PP -PS -PA -PU -PO -PY 140.78.100.31

Rechner Dienste

Betriebssystem Rechner

- router.fim
- r1-intern
- hp2626-
- hp2824-
- hp2824-
- hplj4100
- npi8054-
- jrm\_w7.
- habib.fim
- alex\_v6-
- hoer\_xp
- alex\_w2
- cs140-78
- fim\_mad
- praher-v
- son\_vist
- 140.78.
- inge\_sta

Nmap-Ausgabe Ports / Rechner Netzstruktur Rechner-Details Scans

router.fim.uni-linz.ac.at (140.78.100.31)

- Kommentare**
- Rechnerstatus**
  - Status: up
  - Geöffnete Ports: 0
  - Gefilterte Ports: 5
  - Geschlossene Ports: 995
  - Gescannte Ports: 1000
  - Laufzeit: Not available
  - Letzter Systemstart: Not available
- Adressen**
  - IPv4: 140.78.100.31
  - IPv6: Not available
  - MAC: Not available
- Rechnernamen**
  - Name - Typ: router.fim.uni-linz.ac.at - PTR





# Sample result: NMap info

Zenmap

Scan Werkzeuge Profil Hilfe

Ziel: 140.78.100.31 Profil: Comprehensive Scan Abbrechen

Befehl: nmap -sS -sU -sV -T4 -O -A -v -PE -PM -PP -PS -PA -PU -PO -PY 140.78.100.31

Rechner Dienste

Betriebssystem Rechner

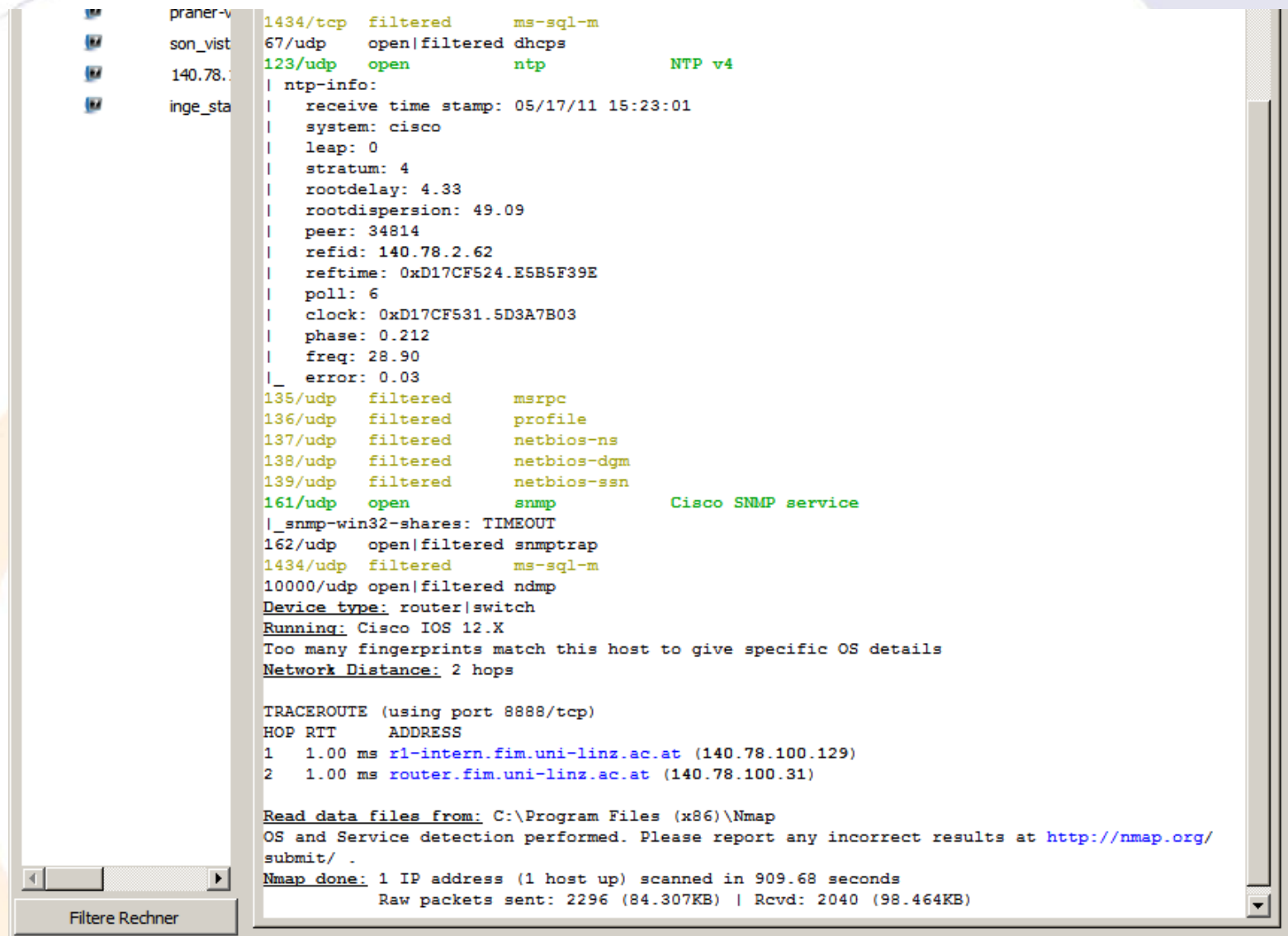
- router.fi
- r1-interr
- hp2626-
- hp2824-
- hp2824-
- hplj4100
- npi8054-
- jrm\_w7.
- habib.fi
- alex\_v6-
- hoer\_xp
- alex\_w2
- cs140-78
- fim\_mad
- praher-v
- son\_vist
- 140.78.
- inge\_sta

Nmap-Ausgabe Ports / Rechner Netzstruktur Rechner-Details Scans

nmap -sS -sU -sV -T4 -O -A -v -PE -PM -PP -PS -PA -PU -PO -PY 140.78.100.31 Details

```
Discovered open port 161/udp on 140.78.100.31
Completed UDP Scan at 15:21, 814.93s elapsed (1000 total ports)
Initiating Service scan at 15:21
Scanning 5 services on router.fim.uni-linz.ac.at (140.78.100.31)
Service scan Timing: About 60.00% done; ETC: 15:23 (0:00:51 remaining)
Completed Service scan at 15:22, 77.51s elapsed (5 services on 1 host)
Initiating OS detection (try #1) against router.fim.uni-linz.ac.at (140.78.100.31)
Initiating Traceroute at 15:22
Completed Traceroute at 15:22, 0.01s elapsed
Initiating Parallel DNS resolution of 2 hosts. at 15:22
Completed Parallel DNS resolution of 2 hosts. at 15:22, 0.00s elapsed
NSE: Script scanning 140.78.100.31.
Initiating NSE at 15:22
Completed NSE at 15:23, 5.01s elapsed
Nmap scan report for router.fim.uni-linz.ac.at (140.78.100.31)
Host is up (0.00024s latency).
Not shown: 1984 closed ports
PORT      STATE      SERVICE      VERSION
135/tcp   filtered  msrpc
139/tcp   filtered  netbios-ssn
445/tcp   filtered  microsoft-ds
593/tcp   filtered  http-rpc-epmap
1434/tcp  filtered  ms-sql-m
67/udp   open|filtered dhcps
123/udp   open       ntp           NTP v4
| ntp-info:
|   receive time stamp: 05/17/11 15:23:01
|   system: cisco
|   leap: 0
```

# Sample result: NMap info

A screenshot of a terminal window displaying NMap scan results. The window has a title bar with 'Filtere Rechner' and a scroll bar on the right. The output shows various ports and services, including NTP v4 and Cisco SNMP service. It also includes a TRACEROUTE section showing two hops to the target IP addresses.

```
praner-v 1434/tcp filtered ms-sql-m
son_vist 67/udp open|filtered dhcp
140.78. 123/udp open ntp NTP v4
inge_sta | ntp-info:
| receive time stamp: 05/17/11 15:23:01
| system: cisco
| leap: 0
| stratum: 4
| rootdelay: 4.33
| rootdispersion: 49.09
| peer: 34814
| reftime: 0xD17CF524.E5B5F39E
| poll: 6
| clock: 0xD17CF531.5D3A7B03
| phase: 0.212
| freq: 28.90
|_ error: 0.03
135/udp filtered msrpc
136/udp filtered profile
137/udp filtered netbios-ns
138/udp filtered netbios-dgm
139/udp filtered netbios-ssn
161/udp open snmp Cisco SNMP service
|_snmp-win32-shares: TIMEOUT
162/udp open|filtered snmptrap
1434/udp filtered ms-sql-m
10000/udp open|filtered ndmp
Device type: router|switch
Running: Cisco IOS 12.X
Too many fingerprints match this host to give specific OS details
Network Distance: 2 hops

TRACEROUTE (using port 8888/tcp)
HOP RTT ADDRESS
1 1.00 ms r1-intern.fim.uni-linz.ac.at (140.78.100.129)
2 1.00 ms router.fim.uni-linz.ac.at (140.78.100.31)

Read data files from: C:\Program Files (x86)\Nmap
OS and Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at http://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 909.68 seconds
Raw packets sent: 2296 (84.307KB) | Rcvd: 2040 (98.464KB)
```



- The cache gives you access to old/removed content
  - Which might still be applicable!
- Attention: Surfing the cache will still touch the server
  - E.g. images are loaded from the “source”
- Way around: View the text-only version
  - Add “&strip=1” to the search URL
- Not necessarily complete: Some elements or pages might not be cached (recently/at all)
  - Also: Only the last version is available!
- Access:
  - Google search
  - Directly: “cache: <URL>”
    - » E.g. “cache:www.jku.at”



- Visit the Google cache for the FIM course homepage
  - » Hint: Search words “fim linz Iva teaching”
  - Check where the FIM logo comes from and what this would mean regarding traces of your actions
    - » How can you prevent this? Test and document it!
  - Identify the date of this version
  - Compare this version with the original one
    - » How would you do this?
    - » Note: We want a **real** comparison, not “looks the same”!
    - » What problems do occur? How can you reduce them?
- Investigate, whether Bing and Yahoo do have a similar feature; if yes, try it and document the differences!
  - Both in features and for the specific page above!



- Web Archive (=Wayback Machine) is a permanent archive of the WWW (not: The Internet!)
  - Find out which pages are being archived, and how often!
  - What is archived for a web page? Check the logo!
  - How reliable is it, i.e. which modifications take place?
- “I don’t want my page in there!”
  - What can you do?
  - Is this permanent?
- Try the archive with the following URL:  
<http://www.fim.uni-linz.ac.at/Lva/default.htm>
  - What is the oldest version?
    - » Is this really the oldest one?
  - Try to get the page without any additions (Wayback-header!)
    - » Hint: Search the FAQ!



- Not everything is archived: Often only the web page (=HTML) alone, but not any images, ...
  - Especially not if from a different domain!
- Exclusion: By robots.txt file
  - According to posts this is not permanent: “blocked” pages are just not shown, but not deleted!
  - Later on removed → Content is visible (again)!
  - Might lead to “new” content being not retrieved/stored
- Pages are rewritten (e.g. links) → This is not a forensic copy!
  - “Original” version: Append “id\_” to date/number
  - Note: Images are then retrieved from the **current** server!



- Find a web-based tool for DNS information
  - Investigate the owner of “www.jku.at”
    - » But think about this question before entering it!
  - Can you also find the history of this domain?
    - » How would this be possible?
  - Who owns this domain?
- Get information on the host “www.jku.at”
  - Both via web tools as well as your own computer!
    - » And repeat this at home from within your private network!





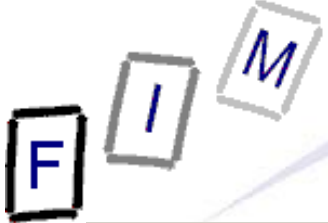
- <http://whois.domaintools.com>
- [www.jku.at](http://www.jku.at) is useless: Only „jku.at“ is in the NIC.at!
  - Regarding [www](http://www.jku.at): Ask the JKU!
- History: Not accessible
  - Ask the NIC.at (doubtful whether it even exists)
  - Or use a commercial database (unclear whether included)
  - You would have to regularly store a copy
- Owner: “Johannes Kepler Universitaet“
- [www.jku.at](http://www.jku.at)
  - Might have a different IP from inside the university and outside
  - Outside: Proxies might be involved (not necessarily visible!)





# DNS/WhoIs – MX records

- E-Mail information
  - Where would E-Mails to “michael.sonntag@jku.at” be sent?
    - » And where so “sonntag@fim.uni-linz.ac.at”?
  - How would you find this out?
  - Explain the difference between this and the information about “www.jku.at”!
  - From where (which IP address ) would you expect to receive E-Mails sent from this address?
    - » Is there any possibility to find out?
- MX Lookup from within the institute (see next slide):
  - Why the difference?
    - » Explain it!
    - » Discuss why this is important for computer forensics!
  - What does this mean for E-Mail header interpretation?



# DNS/Whois – MX records

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - nslookup
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7601]
Copyright (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\michael>nslookup
Default Server:  edc1.ads2-fim.fim.uni-linz.ac.at
Address:  140.78.100.119

> set type=mx
> jku.at
Server:  edc1.ads2-fim.fim.uni-linz.ac.at
Address:  140.78.100.119

Non-authoritative answer:
jku.at  MX preference = 10, mail exchanger = mail2.edvz.uni-linz.ac.at
jku.at  MX preference = 10, mail exchanger = mail1.edvz.uni-linz.ac.at
jku.at  MX preference = 5, mail exchanger = mail3.edvz.uni-linz.ac.at

mail2.edvz.uni-linz.ac.at      internet address = 140.78.3.69
mail1.edvz.uni-linz.ac.at      internet address = 140.78.3.68
> fim.uni-linz.ac.at
Server:  edc1.ads2-fim.fim.uni-linz.ac.at
Address:  140.78.100.119

fim.uni-linz.ac.at      MX preference = 20, mail exchanger = mail2.edvz.uni-linz
.ac.at
fim.uni-linz.ac.at      MX preference = 5, mail exchanger = smtp.fim.uni-linz.ac
.at
fim.uni-linz.ac.at      MX preference = 10, mail exchanger = mail1.edvz.uni-linz
.ac.at
mail2.edvz.uni-linz.ac.at      internet address = 140.78.3.69
smtp.fim.uni-linz.ac.at      internet address = 140.78.100.121
mail1.edvz.uni-linz.ac.at      internet address = 140.78.3.68
>
```



# DNS/Whois – MX records

```
root@mail:~
[root@mail ~]# dig -t MX fim.uni-linz.ac.at

; <<>> DiG 9.7.4-RedHat-9.7.4-1.el5 <<>> -t MX fim.uni-linz.ac.at
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 9067
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 2, AUTHORITY: 4, ADDITIONAL: 8

;; QUESTION SECTION:
;fim.uni-linz.ac.at.          IN      MX

;; ANSWER SECTION:
fim.uni-linz.ac.at.         5532    IN      MX      20 mail2.edvz.uni-linz.ac.at.
fim.uni-linz.ac.at.         5532    IN      MX      10 mail1.edvz.uni-linz.ac.at.

;; AUTHORITY SECTION:
fim.uni-linz.ac.at.         5532    IN      NS      alijku01.edvz.uni-linz.ac.at.
fim.uni-linz.ac.at.         5532    IN      NS      ns1.fim.uni-linz.ac.at.
fim.uni-linz.ac.at.         5532    IN      NS      ns2.jku.at.
fim.uni-linz.ac.at.         5532    IN      NS      ns2.fim.uni-linz.ac.at.

;; ADDITIONAL SECTION:
mail1.edvz.uni-linz.ac.at. 1946    IN      A       140.78.3.68
mail1.edvz.uni-linz.ac.at. 1946    IN      AAAA    2001:628:2010:2::68
mail2.edvz.uni-linz.ac.at. 1932    IN      A       140.78.3.69
mail2.edvz.uni-linz.ac.at. 1932    IN      AAAA    2001:628:2010:2::69
ns1.fim.uni-linz.ac.at.    7177    IN      A       140.78.100.48
ns2.fim.uni-linz.ac.at.    7177    IN      A       140.78.100.49
ns2.jku.at.                 46599   IN      A       140.78.3.62
alijku01.edvz.uni-linz.ac.at. 1932   IN      A       140.78.2.62

;; Query time: 2 msec
;; SERVER: 127.0.0.1#53(127.0.0.1)
;; WHEN: Mon Oct 10 11:19:11 2011
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 318
```



# DNS/Whois – MX records

- MX for “jku.at”: mail{1,2,3}.edvz.uni-linz.ac.at
  - Primarily mail1 and equally to mail2 and mail3
- MX for “fim.uni-linz.ac.at”: smtp.fim.uni-linz.ac.at or mail1/mail2.edvz.uni-linz.ac.at
  - Primarily to FIM, then mail1, then mail2
  - Different view from the outside: Everything must go through the university mail server and is then sent on!
- Outgoing: Sent from the FIM mailserver to destination directly, i.e. NOT using the JKU mailserver!
- Different views are possible and do exist

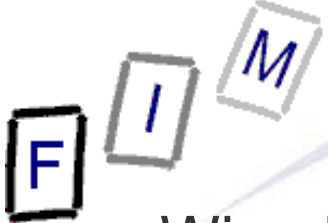


# DNS/Whois – MX records

- Why? JKU can delegate subdomains itself. This happened to fim.uni-linz.ac.at
  - Note: Different domain, but principles for “jku.at” apply to “uni-linz.ac.at” as well!
- Received E-Mails: Same address
  - Especially: FIM (“smtp”!)
  - But: Not necessarily! Outbound mails might not be scanned and just be sent from any internal address (JKU has public IPs; else: NAT!)
    - » JKU is large: Might have a separate server for sending

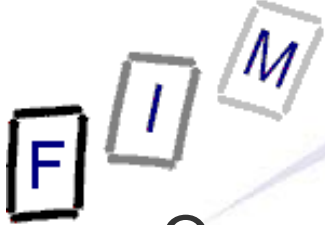


- If you want to see the **real** traffic from/to a computer, you need to listen in on the wire!
  - Listening on the computer itself is not a good idea
    - » Requires time → Modification of behaviour
    - » Binaries (or even the network driver) might be modified
  - Listening on the default gateway/router
    - » Will only show traffic going there/outside
    - » Internal traffic will mostly go directly (no bus topology + switch)
  - What can you do?
    - » Special wiretap devices (=copy traffic to a second port)
    - » Network monitoring port on switches (=copy traffic on spec. port)
    - » Listen on the system itself or on the router 😊
- Software for this:
  - Wireshark: UI + interpretation of protocols + ...
  - tcpdump: Unix commandline tool with little additional functions



- Wireshark is a network sniffer
  - Available for Windows and Linux
- It will make a “copy” of every incoming and outgoing packet and present it to you
  - This would not be that useful...
- It also parses a lot of protocols
  - So no binary display (also available!), but
  - layer 3 display (IP addresses, port numbers, ...),
  - up to layer 5 (actual http content as text/binary file)
- Practical problem: Network traffic is very large & frequent
  - Filtering is an absolute necessity or anything useful will get lost in a torrent of uninteresting traffic!

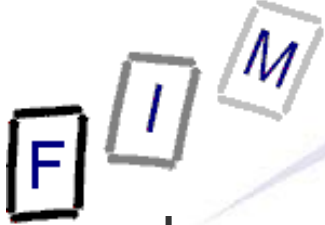
# Common display filtering expressions (1)



- Operators: `==` `!=` `<` `>` `<=` `>=` `&&` `||` `^` `!`
  - `[...]` or `[...:....]` or `[...-....]`: Offset / Offset:Length / Offset-End
    - » Only possible as comparison, e.g. `eth.src[0:3]==08:15:47!`
- Layer 1/2: `frame.???` / `eth.???`, `arp.???`, `ppp.???`
  - Usually not very interesting
- Layer 3: `ip.???`, `ipv6.???`, `icmp.???`, `icmpv6.???`
  - Examples `ip.???`: `.src`, `.dst`, `.addr`, `.src_host`, `.dst_host`, `.host`, `.flags`, `.fragment`, `.len`, `.proto`, `.ttl`
    - » `ip.tos`, `ip.tos.cost`, `ip.tos.delay`, `ip.tos.precedence`, `ip.tos.reliability`, `ip.tos.throughput`
  - Examples `icmp.???`: `.code`, `.type`, `.mtu`
- Layer 4: `tcp.???`, `udp.???`
  - Examples `tcp.???`: `.syn`, `.ack`, `.fin`, `.checksum`, `.flags`, `.len`, `.srcport`, `.dstport`, `.port`, `.time_delta`, `.window_size`
  - Examples `udp.???`: `.srcport`, `.dstport`, `.port`, `.length`



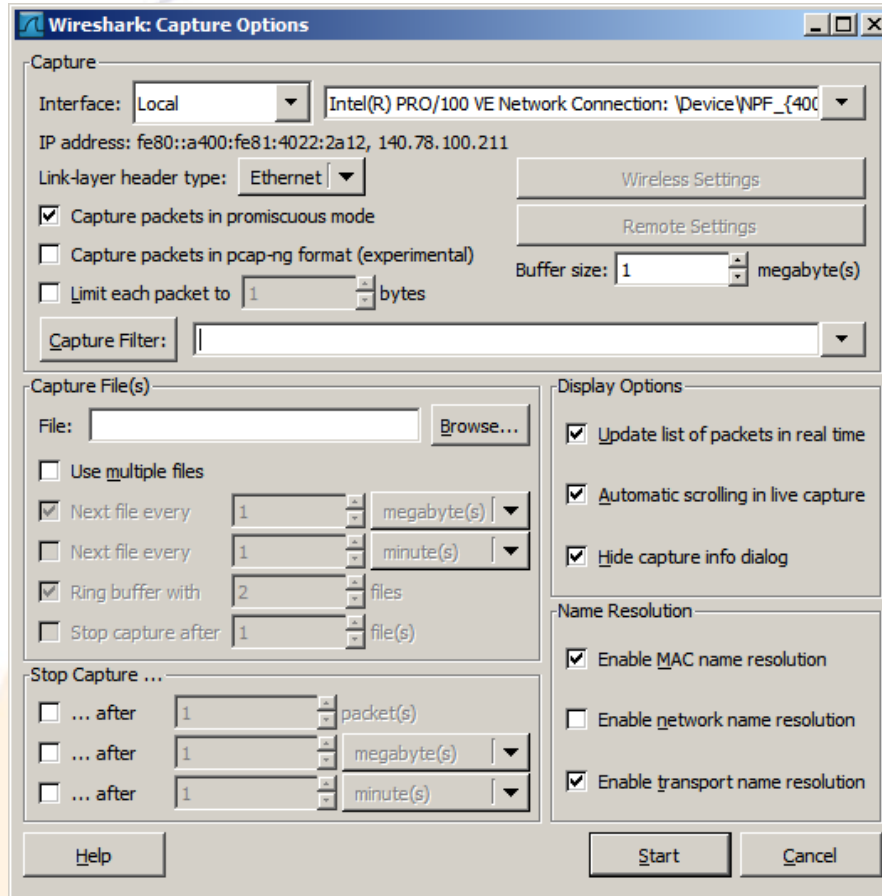
## Common display filtering expressions (2)



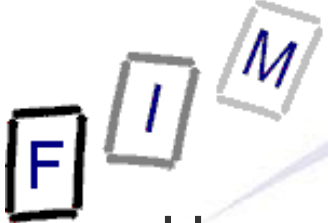
- Layer 5: http, ospf, rip, ...
  - Examples http.???
  - » .accept, .accept\_encoding, .accept\_language, .cookie, .date, .host, .last\_modified, .location, .referer, .request, .request.method, .request.uri, .response, .response.code, .server, .set\_cookie, .user\_agent, .transfer\_encoding
- Attention: This means that packets have been received and are stored, but will not be shown in the graphical UI!
  - There is also the possibility of filtering-before-storing
  - These are “capture filters”, which use the syntax on libpcap (or tcpdump, which is the same)
    - » Examples: ether host 08:15:47:11:CA:FE
      - Display filter for the same: eth.addr=08.15.47.11.CA.FE
    - » Note: Too many packets to store → Some might be lost
    - » But: Capture filter dropped it → Gone forever



# Wireshark



- Interface: Select where to listen
- Capture filter: Throw away packets before handling/storing them
- Capture file: How/where to store data; especially useful for keeping a history (e.g. last 60 minutes), timing, ..
- Buffer size: 1 MB can be too small for fast interface, much traffic and large packets!
- Display options: Personal prefer.
- Name resolution: Be careful!
  - This might cause additional traffic!



- Usage:
  - Start program and select interface to monitor
  - Investigate content while running (difficult) or stop the scan and the start evaluation (store to disk, ...)
- Your tasks:
  - Install Wireshark
    - » Might require reboot for the packet capturing library!
  - Start a scan of your local interface
    - » Note: Wireless can be difficult/require additional libraries!
  - Ping your neighbour & analyze the traffic
  - Navigate to a website & analyze the traffic
  - Log in to this website through a form (unencrypted)
    - » Analyze the traffic
  - Do the same as before, but now using a TLS connection!

# Wireshark Ping



Intel(R) PRO/100 VE Network Connection - Wireshark

File Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony Tools Help

Filter: Expression... Clear Apply

No. -	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
1	0.000000	Intel_76:be:36	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.141? Tell 140.78.100.174
2	0.174052	e0:69:95:12:cd:15	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.212
3	0.579412	HewlettP_c9:64:72	Spanning-tree-(for-br	STP	RST. Root = 32768/100/00:23:34:56:7c:00 Cost = 220008 Port = 0x800e
4	0.864438	Intel_40:e1:0d	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.129
5	0.999988	Intel_76:be:36	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.141? Tell 140.78.100.174
6	1.854523	Intel_40:e1:0d	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.129
7	2.158932	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.140	ICMP	Echo (ping) request
8	2.160081	140.78.100.140	140.78.100.211	ICMP	Echo (ping) reply
9	2.579815	HewlettP_c9:64:72	Spanning-tree-(for-br	STP	RST. Root = 32768/100/00:23:34:56:7c:00 Cost = 220008 Port = 0x800e
10	2.854583	Intel_40:e1:0d	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.129
11	3.149568	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.140	ICMP	Echo (ping) request
12	3.150553	140.78.100.140	140.78.100.211	ICMP	Echo (ping) reply
13	4.149606	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.140	ICMP	Echo (ping) request
14	4.150692	140.78.100.140	140.78.100.211	ICMP	Echo (ping) reply
15	4.331539	e0:69:95:12:cd:15	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.212
16	4.580183	HewlettP_c9:64:72	Spanning-tree-(for-br	STP	RST. Root = 32768/100/00:23:34:56:7c:00 Cost = 220008 Port = 0x800e
17	5.149709	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.140	ICMP	Echo (ping) request
18	5.151104	140.78.100.140	140.78.100.211	ICMP	Echo (ping) reply
19	5.174213	e0:69:95:12:cd:15	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.212
20	6.174206	e0:69:95:12:cd:15	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.212
21	6.590423	HewlettP_c9:64:72	Spanning-tree-(for-br	STP	RST. Root = 32768/100/00:23:34:56:7c:00 Cost = 220008 Port = 0x800e

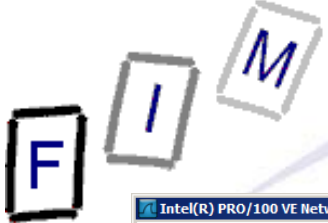
Frame 8 (74 bytes on wire, 74 bytes captured)  
Arrival Time: May 18, 2012 13:02:17.726145000  
[Time delta from previous captured frame: 0.001149000 seconds]  
[Time delta from previous displayed frame: 0.001149000 seconds]  
[Time since reference or first frame: 2.160081000 seconds]  
Frame Number: 8  
Frame Length: 74 bytes  
Capture Length: 74 bytes  
[Frame is marked: False]  
[Protocols in frame: eth:ip:icmp:data]  
[Coloring Rule Name: ICMP]  
[Coloring Rule String: icmp || icmpv6]

- Ethernet II, Src: 2c:76:8a:3e:a0:e2 (2c:76:8a:3e:a0:e2), Dst: IntelCor\_e9:2d:7f (00:13:20:e9:2d:7f)
- Internet Protocol, Src: 140.78.100.140 (140.78.100.140), Dst: 140.78.100.211 (140.78.100.211)
- Internet Control Message Protocol

```
0000 00 13 20 e9 2d 7f 2c 76 8a 3e a0 e2 08 00 45 00  .....V .>....E.
0010 00 3c 0a 5c 00 00 40 01 8e 69 8c 4e 64 8c 8c 4e  .<.\..@. .i.Nd..N
0020 64 d3 00 00 55 40 00 01 00 1b 61 62 63 64 65 66  d...U@.. .abcdef
0030 67 68 69 6a 6b 6c 6d 6e 6f 70 71 72 73 74 75 76  ghijklmn opqrstuv
0040 77 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69                wabcdefg hi
```

File: "C:\Users\michael\AppData\Local\Temp\wir... Packets: 21 Displayed: 21 Marked: 0 Dropped: 0 Profile: Default

# Wireshark Ping



Intel(R) PRO/100 VE Network Connection - Wireshark

File Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony Tools Help

Filter: Expression... Clear Apply

No. -	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
1	0.000000	Intel_76:be:36	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.141? Tell 140.78.100.174
2	0.174052	e0:69:95:12:cd:15	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.212
3	0.579412	HewlettP_c9:64:72	Spanning-tree-(for-br	STP	RST. Root = 32768/100/00:23:34:56:7c:00 Cost = 220008 Port = 0x800e
4	0.864438	Intel_40:e1:0d	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.129
5	0.999988	Intel_76:be:36	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.141? Tell 140.78.100.174
6	1.854523	Intel_40:e1:0d	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.129
7	2.158932	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.140	ICMP	Echo (ping) request
8	2.160081	140.78.100.140	140.78.100.211	ICMP	Echo (ping) reply
9	2.579815	HewlettP_c9:64:72	Spanning-tree-(for-br	STP	RST. Root = 32768/100/00:23:34:56:7c:00 Cost = 220008 Port = 0x800e
10	2.854583	Intel_40:e1:0d	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.129
11	3.149568	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.140	ICMP	Echo (ping) request
12	3.150553	140.78.100.140	140.78.100.211	ICMP	Echo (ping) reply
13	4.149606	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.140	ICMP	Echo (ping) request
14	4.150692	140.78.100.140	140.78.100.211	ICMP	Echo (ping) reply
15	4.331539	e0:69:95:12:cd:15	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.212
16	4.580183	HewlettP_c9:64:72	Spanning-tree-(for-br	STP	RST. Root = 32768/100/00:23:34:56:7c:00 Cost = 220008 Port = 0x800e
17	5.149709	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.140	ICMP	Echo (ping) request
18	5.151104	140.78.100.140	140.78.100.211	ICMP	Echo (ping) reply
19	5.174213	e0:69:95:12:cd:15	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.212
20	6.174206	e0:69:95:12:cd:15	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.212
21	6.590423	HewlettP_c9:64:72	Spanning-tree-(for-br	STP	RST. Root = 32768/100/00:23:34:56:7c:00 Cost = 220008 Port = 0x800e

Frame 8 (74 bytes on wire, 74 bytes captured)

- Ethernet II, Src: 2c:76:8a:3e:a0:e2 (2c:76:8a:3e:a0:e2), Dst: IntelCor\_e9:2d:7f (00:13:20:e9:2d:7f)
  - Destination: IntelCor\_e9:2d:7f (00:13:20:e9:2d:7f)
    - Address: IntelCor\_e9:2d:7f (00:13:20:e9:2d:7f)
      - ....0.... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
      - ....0.... = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
    - Source: 2c:76:8a:3e:a0:e2 (2c:76:8a:3e:a0:e2)
      - Address: 2c:76:8a:3e:a0:e2 (2c:76:8a:3e:a0:e2)
      - ....0.... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
      - ....0.... = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
      - Type: IP (0x0800)
    - Internet Protocol, Src: 140.78.100.140 (140.78.100.140), Dst: 140.78.100.211 (140.78.100.211)
    - Internet Control Message Protocol

```
0000 00 13 20 e9 2d 7f 2c 76 8a 3e a0 e2 08 00 45 00  ..-.I.V.->...E.
0010 00 3c 0a 5c 00 00 40 01 8e 69 8c 4e 64 8c 8c 4e  .<.\. @. .i.Nd..N
0020 64 d3 00 00 55 40 00 01 00 1b 61 62 63 64 65 66  d...U@.. ..abcdef
0030 67 68 69 6a 6b 6c 6d 6e 6f 70 71 72 73 74 75 76  ghijklmn opqrstuv
0040 77 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69                wabcdefg hi
```

Source Hardware Address (eth.src), 6 bytes | Packets: 21 Displayed: 21 Marked: 0 Dropped: 0 | Profile: Default

# Wireshark Ping



Intel(R) PRO/100 VE Network Connection - Wireshark

File Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony Tools Help

Filter: Expression... Clear Apply

No. -	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
1	0.000000	Intel_76:be:36	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.141? Tell 140.78.100.174
2	0.174052	e0:69:95:12:cd:15	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.212
3	0.579412	HewlettP_c9:64:72	Spanning-tree-(for-br	STP	RST. Root = 32768/100/00:23:34:56:7c:00 Cost = 220008 Port = 0x800e
4	0.864438	Intel_40:e1:0d	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.129
5	0.999988	Intel_76:be:36	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.141? Tell 140.78.100.174
6	1.854523	Intel_40:e1:0d	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.129
7	2.158932	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.140	ICMP	Echo (ping) request
8	2.160081	140.78.100.140	140.78.100.211	ICMP	Echo (ping) reply
9	2.579815	HewlettP_c9:64:72	Spanning-tree-(for-br	STP	RST. Root = 32768/100/00:23:34:56:7c:00 Cost = 220008 Port = 0x800e
10	2.854583	Intel_40:e1:0d	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.129
11	3.149568	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.140	ICMP	Echo (ping) request
12	3.150553	140.78.100.140	140.78.100.211	ICMP	Echo (ping) reply
13	4.149606	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.140	ICMP	Echo (ping) request
14	4.150692	140.78.100.140	140.78.100.211	ICMP	Echo (ping) reply
15	4.331539	e0:69:95:12:cd:15	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.212
16	4.580183	HewlettP_c9:64:72	Spanning-tree-(for-br	STP	RST. Root = 32768/100/00:23:34:56:7c:00 Cost = 220008 Port = 0x800e
17	5.149709	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.140	ICMP	Echo (ping) request
18	5.151104	140.78.100.140	140.78.100.211	ICMP	Echo (ping) reply
19	5.174213	e0:69:95:12:cd:15	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.212
20	6.174206	e0:69:95:12:cd:15	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.212
21	6.590423	HewlettP_c9:64:72	Spanning-tree-(for-br	STP	RST. Root = 32768/100/00:23:34:56:7c:00 Cost = 220008 Port = 0x800e

Frame 8 (74 bytes on wire, 74 bytes captured)

Ethernet II, Src: 2c:76:8a:3e:a0:e2 (2c:76:8a:3e:a0:e2), Dst: IntelCor\_e9:2d:7f (00:13:20:e9:2d:7f)

Internet Protocol, Src: 140.78.100.140 (140.78.100.140), Dst: 140.78.100.211 (140.78.100.211)

Version: 4  
Header length: 20 bytes  
Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP 0x00: Default; ECN: 0x00)  
Total Length: 60  
Identification: 0x0a5c (2652)

Flags: 0x00  
0.. = Reserved bit: Not Set  
.0. = Don't fragment: Not Set  
..0 = More fragments: Not Set  
Fragment offset: 0  
Time to live: 64  
Protocol: ICMP (0x01)  
Header checksum: 0x8e69 [correct]  
Source: 140.78.100.140 (140.78.100.140)  
Destination: 140.78.100.211 (140.78.100.211)

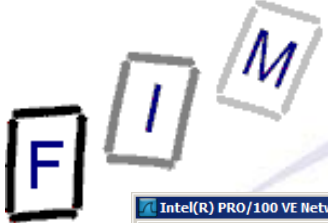
Internet Control Message Protocol

```
0000 00 13 20 e9 2d 7f 2c 76 8a 3e a0 e2 08 00 45 00  . . . . V . > . . . E .
0010 00 3c 0a 5c 00 00 40 01 8e 69 8c 4e 64 8c 8c 4e  . < . . @ . . i . Nd . N
0020 64 d3 00 00 55 40 00 01 00 1b 61 62 63 64 65 66  d . . U @ . . . abcdef
0030 67 68 69 6a 6b 6c 6d 6e 6f 70 71 72 73 74 75 76  ghijklmn opqrstuv
0040 77 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69  wabcdefgh i
```

Flags (p.flags), 1 byte | Packets: 21 Displayed: 21 Marked: 0 Dropped: 0 | Profile: Default



# Wireshark Ping



Intel(R) PRO/100 VE Network Connection - Wireshark

File Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony Tools Help

Filter: Expression... Clear Apply

No. -	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
1	0.000000	Intel_76:be:36	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.141? Tell 140.78.100.174
2	0.174052	e0:69:95:12:cd:15	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.212
3	0.579412	HewlettP_c9:64:72	Spanning-tree-(for-br	STP	RST. Root = 32768/100/00:23:34:56:7c:00 Cost = 220008 Port = 0x800e
4	0.864438	Intel_40:e1:0d	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.129
5	0.999988	Intel_76:be:36	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.141? Tell 140.78.100.174
6	1.854523	Intel_40:e1:0d	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.129
7	2.158932	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.140	ICMP	Echo (ping) request
8	2.160081	140.78.100.140	140.78.100.211	ICMP	Echo (ping) reply
9	2.579815	HewlettP_c9:64:72	Spanning-tree-(for-br	STP	RST. Root = 32768/100/00:23:34:56:7c:00 Cost = 220008 Port = 0x800e
10	2.854583	Intel_40:e1:0d	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.129
11	3.149568	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.140	ICMP	Echo (ping) request
12	3.150553	140.78.100.140	140.78.100.211	ICMP	Echo (ping) reply
13	4.149606	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.140	ICMP	Echo (ping) request
14	4.150692	140.78.100.140	140.78.100.211	ICMP	Echo (ping) reply
15	4.331539	e0:69:95:12:cd:15	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.212
16	4.580183	HewlettP_c9:64:72	Spanning-tree-(for-br	STP	RST. Root = 32768/100/00:23:34:56:7c:00 Cost = 220008 Port = 0x800e
17	5.149709	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.140	ICMP	Echo (ping) request
18	5.151104	140.78.100.140	140.78.100.211	ICMP	Echo (ping) reply
19	5.174213	e0:69:95:12:cd:15	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.212
20	6.174206	e0:69:95:12:cd:15	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.212
21	6.590423	HewlettP_c9:64:72	Spanning-tree-(for-br	STP	RST. Root = 32768/100/00:23:34:56:7c:00 Cost = 220008 Port = 0x800e

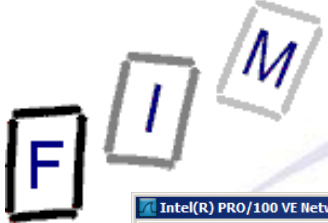
Frame 8 (74 bytes on wire, 74 bytes captured)

- Ethernet II, Src: 2c:76:8a:3e:a0:e2 (2c:76:8a:3e:a0:e2), Dst: IntelCor\_e9:2d:7f (00:13:20:e9:2d:7f)
- Internet Protocol, Src: 140.78.100.140 (140.78.100.140), Dst: 140.78.100.211 (140.78.100.211)
- Internet Control Message Protocol
  - Type: 0 (Echo (ping) reply)
  - Code: 0 ()
  - Checksum: 0x5540 [correct]
  - Identifier: 0x0001
  - Sequence number: 27 (0x001b)
- Data (32 bytes)
  - Data: 6162636465666768696a6b6c6d6e6f707172737475767761...
  - [Length: 32]

```
0000 00 13 20 e9 2d 7f 2c 76 8a 3e a0 e2 08 00 45 00  . . . , V . > . . . E .
0010 00 3c 0a 5c 00 00 40 01 8e 69 8c 4e 64 8c 8c 4e  . < . \ . @ . . i . Nd . N
0020 64 d3 00 00 55 40 00 01 00 1b 61 62 63 64 65 66  d . . U @ . . . abcdef
0030 67 68 69 6a 6b 6c 6d 6e 6f 70 71 72 73 74 75 76  ghijklmn opqrstuv
0040 77 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69  wabcdefgh i
```

Data (data.data), 32 bytes | Packets: 21 Displayed: 21 Marked: 0 Dropped: 0 | Profile: Default

# Wireshark HTTP - DNS



Intel(R) PRO/100 VE Network Connection - Wireshark

File Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony Tools Help

Filter: Expression... Clear Apply

No. -	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
7	1.698687	74.125.232.239	140.78.100.211	TCP	https > 8462 [ACK] Seq=1 ACK=2 WTH=257 Len=0 SLE=1 SRE=2
8	1.750405	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.119	DNS	Standard query A www.bing.at
9	2.034608	140.78.100.119	140.78.100.211	DNS	Standard query response A 65.52.107.149
10	2.035153	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.119	DNS	Standard query AAAA www.bing.at
11	2.315500	140.78.100.119	140.78.100.211	DNS	Standard query response
12	2.316318	140.78.100.211	65.52.107.149	TCP	8644 > http [SYN] Seq=0 win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=8
13	2.316646	140.78.100.211	65.52.107.149	TCP	8645 > http [SYN] Seq=0 win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=8
14	2.436395	65.52.107.149	140.78.100.211	TCP	http > 8644 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 win=4380 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=0
15	2.436499	140.78.100.211	65.52.107.149	TCP	8644 > http [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 win=65536 Len=0
16	2.436609	65.52.107.149	140.78.100.211	TCP	http > 8645 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 win=4380 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=0
17	2.436639	140.78.100.211	65.52.107.149	TCP	8645 > http [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 win=65536 Len=0
18	2.437177	140.78.100.211	65.52.107.149	HTTP	GET / HTTP/1.1
19	2.603541	65.52.107.149	140.78.100.211	HTTP	HTTP/1.1 301 Moved Permanently
20	2.609521	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.119	DNS	Standard query A www.bing.com
21	2.791682	Intel_40:e1:0d	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.141? Tell 140.78.100.129
22	2.791711	Intel_40:e1:0d	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.129
23	2.807614	140.78.100.211	65.52.107.149	TCP	8644 > http [ACK] Seq=396 Ack=302 win=65280 Len=0
24	2.986566	140.78.100.119	140.78.100.211	DNS	Standard query response CNAME akam.bing.com CNAME a134.lm.akamai.net A 193.171
25	2.987423	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.119	DNS	Standard query AAAA www.bing.com
26	2.992487	140.78.100.119	140.78.100.211	DNS	Standard query response CNAME akam.bing.com CNAME a134.lm.akamai.net
27	2.993391	140.78.100.211	193.170.140.71	TCP	8648 > http [SYN] Seq=0 win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=8
28	2.993682	140.78.100.211	193.170.140.71	TCP	8649 > http [SYN] Seq=0 win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=8
29	2.996685	193.170.140.71	140.78.100.211	TCP	http > 8648 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 win=14600 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=2
30	2.996742	140.78.100.211	193.170.140.71	TCP	8648 > http [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 win=65536 Len=0

Frame 8 (71 bytes on wire, 71 bytes captured)

Ethernet II, Src: IntelCor\_e9:2d:7f (00:13:20:e9:2d:7f), Dst: Intel\_40:e1:0d (00:07:e9:40:e1:0d)

Internet Protocol, Src: 140.78.100.211 (140.78.100.211), Dst: 140.78.100.119 (140.78.100.119)

User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 54262 (54262), Dst Port: domain (53)

Domain Name System (query)

[\[Response in: 9\]](#)

Transaction ID: 0x005f

Flags: 0x0100 (standard query)

Questions: 1

Answer RRs: 0

Authority RRs: 0

Additional RRs: 0

Queries

- www.bing.at: type A, class IN
  - Name: www.bing.at
  - Type: A (Host address)
  - Class: IN (0x0001)

```
0000 00 07 e9 40 e1 0d 00 13 20 e9 2d 7f 08 00 45 00  ...@....-...E.
0010 00 39 2b 6b 00 00 80 11 2d 62 8c 4e 64 d3 8c 4e  .9+k....-b.Nd..N
0020 64 77 d3 f6 00 35 00 25 94 fb 00 5f 01 00 00 01  dw...5%.....
0030 00 00 00 00 00 00 03 77 77 77 04 62 69 6e 67 02  ....w ww.bing.
0040 61 74 00 00 01 00 01  at.....
```

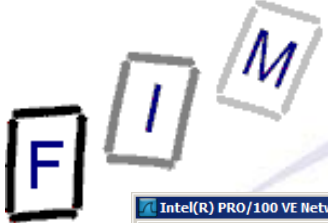
Text item 0, 17 bytes

Packets: 346 Displayed: 346 Marked: 0 Dropped: 0

Profile: Default



# Wireshark HTTP - DNS



Intel(R) PRO/100 VE Network Connection - Wireshark

File Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony Tools Help

Filter: Expression... Clear Apply

No. -	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
7	1.698687	74.125.232.239	140.78.100.211	TCP	https > 8462 [ACK] Seq=1 ACK=2 Win=257 Len=0 SLE=1 SRE=2
8	1.750405	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.119	DNS	Standard query A www.bing.at
9	2.034608	140.78.100.119	140.78.100.211	DNS	Standard query response A 65.52.107.149
10	2.035153	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.119	DNS	Standard query AAAA www.bing.at
11	2.315500	140.78.100.119	140.78.100.211	DNS	Standard query response
12	2.316318	140.78.100.211	65.52.107.149	TCP	8644 > http [SYN] Seq=0 win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=8
13	2.316646	140.78.100.211	65.52.107.149	TCP	8645 > http [SYN] Seq=0 win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=8
14	2.436395	65.52.107.149	140.78.100.211	TCP	http > 8644 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 win=1460 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=0
15	2.436499	140.78.100.211	65.52.107.149	TCP	8644 > http [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 win=65536 Len=0
16	2.436609	65.52.107.149	140.78.100.211	TCP	http > 8645 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 win=1460 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=0
17	2.436639	140.78.100.211	65.52.107.149	TCP	8645 > http [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 win=65536 Len=0
18	2.437177	140.78.100.211	65.52.107.149	HTTP	GET / HTTP/1.1
19	2.603541	65.52.107.149	140.78.100.211	HTTP	HTTP/1.1 301 Moved Permanently
20	2.609521	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.119	DNS	Standard query
21	2.791682	Intel_40:e1:0d	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.211
22	2.791711	Intel_40:e1:0d	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.211
23	2.807614	140.78.100.211	65.52.107.149	TCP	8644 > http [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 win=65536 Len=0
24	2.986566	140.78.100.119	140.78.100.211	DNS	Standard query response CNAME akam.bing.com CNAME a134.lm.akamai.net A 193.170.140.71
25	2.987423	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.119	DNS	Standard query AAAA www.bing.com
26	2.992487	140.78.100.119	140.78.100.211	DNS	Standard query response CNAME akam.bing.com CNAME a134.lm.akamai.net
27	2.993391	140.78.100.211	193.170.140.71	TCP	8648 > http [SYN] Seq=0 win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=8
28	2.993682	140.78.100.211	193.170.140.71	TCP	8649 > http [SYN] Seq=0 win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=8
29	2.996685	193.170.140.71	140.78.100.211	TCP	http > 8648 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=14600 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=2
30	2.996742	140.78.100.211	193.170.140.71	TCP	8648 > http [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 win=65536 Len=0

⊞ User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: domain (53), Dst Port: 54262 (54262)

⊞ Domain Name System (response)

[Request In: 8]

[Time: 0.284203000 seconds]

Transaction ID: 0x005f

⊞ Flags: 0x8400 (Standard query response, No error)

Questions: 1

Answer RRs: 1

Authority RRs: 0

Additional RRs: 0

⊞ Queries

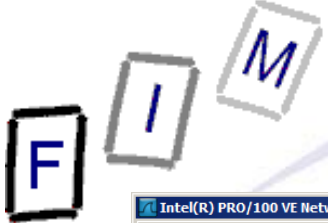
⊞ Answers

- www.bing.at: type A, class IN, addr 65.52.107.149
  - Name: www.bing.at
  - Type: A (Host address)
  - Class: IN (0x0001)
  - Time to live: 1 hour
  - Data length: 4
  - Addr: 65.52.107.149

```
0000  00 13 20 e9 2d 7f 00 07 e9 40 e1 0d 08 00 45 00  . . . . . @ . . . E .
0010  00 49 69 9b 00 00 7f 11 f0 21 8c 4e 64 77 8c 4e  . I . . . . . ! . N d w . N
0020  64 d3 00 35 d3 f6 00 35 25 5f 00 5f 84 00 00 01  d . 5 . . . 5 % . . . .
0030  00 01 00 00 00 00 03 77 77 77 04 62 69 6e 67 02  . . . . . w w w . b i n g .
0040  61 74 00 00 01 00 01 c0 0c 00 01 00 01 00 00 0e  a t . . . . .
0050  10 00 04 41 34 6b 95 . . . . . A 4 k .
```

Text item 0, 16 bytes | Packets: 346 Displayed: 346 Marked: 0 Dropped: 0 | Profile: Default

What's this? Investigate!  
Note: Google Chrome used



# Wireshark HTTP - Request

Intel(R) PRO/100 VE Network Connection - Wireshark

File Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony Tools Help

Filter: Expression... Clear Apply

No. -	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
11	2.315500	140.78.100.119	140.78.100.211	DNS	Standard query response
12	2.316318	140.78.100.211	65.52.107.149	TCP	8644 > http [SYN] Seq=0 win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=8
13	2.316646	140.78.100.211	65.52.107.149	TCP	8645 > http [SYN] Seq=0 win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=8
14	2.436395	65.52.107.149	140.78.100.211	TCP	http > 8644 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 win=4380 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=0
15	2.436499	140.78.100.211	65.52.107.149	TCP	8644 > http [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 win=65536 Len=0
16	2.436609	65.52.107.149	140.78.100.211	TCP	http > 8645 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 win=4380 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=0
17	2.436639	140.78.100.211	65.52.107.149	TCP	8645 > http [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 win=65536 Len=0
18	2.437177	140.78.100.211	65.52.107.149	HTTP	GET / HTTP/1.1
19	2.603541	65.52.107.149	140.78.100.211	HTTP	HTTP/1.1 301 Moved Permanently
20	2.609521	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.119	DNS	Standard query A www.bing.com
21	2.791682	Intel_40:e1:0d	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.141? Tell
22	2.791711	Intel_40:e1:0d	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell

Hypertext Transfer Protocol

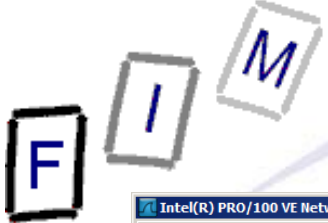
- GET / HTTP/1.1\r\n
  - [Expert Info (Chat/Sequence): GET / HTTP/1.1\r\n]
    - Request Method: GET
    - Request URI: /
    - Request Version: HTTP/1.1
    - Host: www.bing.at\r\n
    - Connection: keep-alive\r\n
    - User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (windows NT 6.1; wow64) AppleWebKit/535.19 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/18.0.1025.168 Safari/535.19\r\n
    - Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,\*/\*;q=0.8\r\n
    - Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate,sdch\r\n
    - Accept-Language: de-DE,de;q=0.8,en-US;q=0.6,en;q=0.4\r\n
    - Accept-Charset: ISO-8859-1,utf-8;q=0.7,\*;q=0.3\r\n

```

0010 01 b3 2b 71 40 00 80 06 2f e9 8c 4e 64 d3 41 34 ..+q@... /.Nd.A4
0020 6b 95 21 c4 00 50 b7 fd f0 00 b8 d9 50 cc 50 18 k!..P...P.P.
0030 01 00 89 08 00 00 47 45 54 20 2f 20 48 54 54 50 .....GET / HTTP
0040 2f 31 2e 31 0d 0a 48 6f 73 74 3a 20 77 77 77 2e /1.1..Host: www.
0050 62 69 6e 67 2e 61 74 0d 0a 43 6f 6e 6e 65 63 74 bing.at..connect
0060 69 6f 6e 3a 20 6b 65 65 70 2d 61 6c 69 76 65 0d ion: keep-alive.
0070 0a 55 73 65 72 2d 41 67 65 6e 74 3a 20 4d 6f 7a .User-Agent: Moz
0080 69 6c 6c 61 2f 35 2e 30 20 28 57 69 6e 64 6f 77 illa/5.0 (window
0090 73 20 4e 54 20 36 2e 31 3b 20 57 4f 57 36 34 29 s NT 6.1; wow64)
00a0 20 41 70 70 6c 65 57 65 62 4b 69 74 2f 35 33 35 AppleWebKit/535
00b0 2e 31 39 20 28 4b 48 54 4d 4c 2c 20 6c 69 6b 65 .19 (KHTML, like
00c0 20 47 65 63 6b 6f 29 20 43 68 72 6f 6d 65 2f 31 Gecko) Chrome/1
00d0 38 2e 30 2e 31 30 32 35 2e 31 36 38 20 53 61 66 8.0.1025 .168 Saf
00e0 61 72 69 2f 35 33 35 2e 31 39 0d 0a 41 63 63 65 ari/535.19. Acce
00f0 70 74 3a 20 74 65 78 74 2f 68 74 6d 6c 2c 61 70 pt: text/html,ap
0100 70 6c 69 63 61 74 69 6f 6e 2f 78 68 74 6d 6c 2b plicatio n/xhtmll+
0110 78 6d 6c 2c 61 70 70 6c 69 63 61 74 69 6f 6e 2f xml,appl ication/
0120 78 6d 6c 3b 71 3d 30 2e 39 2c 2a 2f 2a 3b 71 3d xml;q=0. 9.*/*;q=
0130 30 2e 38 0d 0a 41 63 63 65 70 74 2d 45 6e 63 6f 0.8..Acc ept-Enc
0140 64 69 6e 67 3a 20 67 7a 69 70 2c 64 65 66 6c 61 ding: gz ip,defla
0150 74 65 2c 73 64 63 68 0d 0a 41 63 63 65 70 74 2d te,sdch. .Accept-
0160 4c 61 6e 67 75 61 67 65 3a 20 64 65 2d 44 45 2c Language : de-DE,
0170 64 65 3b 71 3d 30 2e 38 2c 65 6e 2d 55 53 3b 71 de;q=0.8 ,en-US;q
0180 3d 30 2e 36 2c 6e 65 3b 71 3d 30 2e 34 0d 0a 41 =0.6,en; q=0.4..A
0190 63 63 65 70 74 2d 43 68 61 72 73 65 74 3a 20 49 ccept-ch arset: I
01a0 53 4f 2d 38 38 35 39 2d 31 2c 75 74 66 2d 38 3b SO-8859- 1,utf-8;
01b0 71 3d 30 2e 37 2c 2a 3b 71 3d 30 2e 33 0d 0a 0d q=0.7,*; q=0.3..
01c0 0a
  
```

Hypertext Transfer Protocol (http), 395 bytes | Packets: 346 Displayed: 346 Marked: 0 Dropped: 0 | Profile: Default

What are these? Investigate!



# Wireshark HTTP - Response

Intel(R) PRO/100 VE Network Connection - Wireshark

File Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony Tools Help

Filter: Expression... Clear Apply

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
13	2.316646	140.78.100.211	65.52.107.149	TCP	8645 > http [SYN] Seq=0 win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=8
14	2.436395	65.52.107.149	140.78.100.211	TCP	http > 8644 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=4380 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=0
15	2.436499	140.78.100.211	65.52.107.149	TCP	8644 > http [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=65536 Len=0
16	2.436609	65.52.107.149	140.78.100.211	TCP	http > 8645 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=4380 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=0
17	2.436639	140.78.100.211	65.52.107.149	TCP	8645 > http [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=65536 Len=0
18	2.437177	140.78.100.211	65.52.107.149	HTTP	GET / HTTP/1.1
19	2.603541	65.52.107.149	140.78.100.211	HTTP	HTTP/1.1 301 Moved Permanently
20	2.609521	140.78.100.211	140.78.100.119	DNS	Standard query A www.bing.com
21	2.791682	Intel_40:e1:0d	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.141? Tell 140.78.100.129
22	2.791711	Intel_40:e1:0d	Broadcast	ARP	who has 140.78.100.138? Tell 140.78.100.129
23	2.807614	140.78.100.211	65.52.107.149	TCP	8644 > http [ACK] Seq=396 Ack=302 Win=65280 Len=0
24	2.986566	140.78.100.119	140.78.100.211	DNS	Standard query response CNAME akam.bing.com CNAME a134.lm.akamai.net A 193.171.224.10

Frame 19 (355 bytes on wire, 355 bytes captured)

- Ethernet II, Src: Intel\_40:e1:0d (00:07:e9:40:e1:0d), Dst: IntelCor\_e9:2d:7f (00:13:20:e9:2d:7f)
- Internet Protocol, Src: 65.52.107.149 (65.52.107.149), Dst: 140.78.100.211 (140.78.100.211)
- Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: http (80), Dst Port: 8644 (8644), Seq: 1, Ack: 396, Len: 301
- Hypertext Transfer Protocol
  - HTTP/1.1 301 Moved Permanently\r\n
    - [Expert Info (Chat/Sequence): HTTP/1.1 301 Moved Permanently\r\n
    - Request Version: HTTP/1.1
    - Response Code: 301
    - Cache-Control: no-cache\r\n
    - Location: <http://www.bing.com/?cc=at>\r\n **Redirect**
    - Edge-control: no-store\r\n
    - P3P: CP="NON UNI COM NAV STA LOC CURa DEVA PSaa PSDa OUR IND"r\r\n
    - Set-Cookie: \_HOP=I=1&TS=1337341091; domain=.bing.at; path=/\r\n
    - Date: Fri, 18 May 2012 11:38:11 GMT\r\n
    - Content-Length: 0\r\n
    - [Content Length: 0]
    - \r\n

```

0010 01 55 8c 51 40 00 ee 06 61 66 41 34 6b 95 8c 4e .U.Q@... aFA4k..N
0020 64 03 00 50 21 c4 b8 d9 50 cc b7 fd f1 8b 50 18 d..P!... P...P
0030 12 37 88 5d 00 08 48 54 54 50 2f 31 2e 31 20 33 ...].HT TP/1.1 3
0040 30 31 20 4d 6f 76 65 64 20 50 65 72 6d 61 6e 65 01 Moved Permane
0050 6e 74 6c 79 0d 0a 43 61 63 68 65 2d 43 6f 6e 74 ntly..Ca che-Cont
0060 72 6f 6c 3a 20 6e 6f 2d 63 61 63 68 65 0d 0a 4c rol: no- cache..L
0070 6f 63 61 74 69 6f 6e 3a 20 68 74 74 70 3a 2f 2f ocation: http://
0080 77 77 77 2e 62 69 6e 67 2e 63 6f 6d 2f 3f 63 63 www.bing..com/?cc
0090 3d 61 74 0d 0a 45 64 67 65 2d 63 6f 6e 74 72 6f =at..Edg e-contro
00a0 6c 3a 20 6e 6f 2d 73 74 6f 72 65 0d 0a 50 33 50 l: no-st ore..P3P
00b0 3a 20 43 50 3d 22 4e 4f 4e 20 55 4e 49 20 43 4f : CP="NO N UNI CO
00c0 4d 20 4e 41 56 20 53 54 41 20 4c 4f 43 20 43 55 M NAV ST A LOC CU
00d0 52 61 20 44 45 56 61 20 50 53 41 61 20 50 53 44 Ra DEVA PSaa PSD
00e0 61 20 4f 55 52 20 49 4e 44 22 0d 0a 53 65 74 2d a OUR IN D"...Set-
00f0 43 6f 6b 6b 69 65 3a 20 5f 48 4f 50 3d 49 3d 31 cookie: _HOP=I=1
0100 26 54 53 3d 31 33 33 37 33 34 31 30 39 31 3b 20 &TS=1337 341091;
0110 64 6f 6d 61 69 6e 3d 2e 62 69 6e 67 2e 61 74 3b domain=. bing.at;
0120 20 70 61 74 68 3d 2f 0d 0a 44 61 74 65 3a 20 46 path=/..Date: F
0130 72 69 2c 20 31 38 20 4d 61 79 20 32 30 31 32 20 ri, 18 M ay 2012
0140 31 31 3a 33 38 3a 31 31 20 47 4d 54 0d 0a 43 6f 11:38:11 GMT..Co
0150 6e 74 65 6e 74 2d 4c 65 6e 67 74 68 3a 20 30 0d ntent-Le ngth: 0.
0160 0a 0d 0a ...
  
```

HTTP Set Cookie (http.set\_cookie), 61 bytes | Packets: 346 Displayed: 346 Marked: 0 Dropped: 0 | Profile: Default



# Wireshark HTTP - Stream

Follow TCP Stream

Stream Content

```
GET /?cc=at HTTP/1.1
Host: www.bing.com
Connection: keep-alive
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; WOW64) AppleWebKit/535.19 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/18.0.1025.168 Safari/535.19
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, sdch
Accept-Language: de-DE, de;q=0.8, en-US;q=0.6, en;q=0.4
Accept-Charset: ISO-8859-1, utf-8;q=0.7,*;q=0.3

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Cache-Control: private, max-age=0
Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
P3P: CP="NON UNI COM NAV STA LOC CURA DEVa PSAa PSDA OUR IND"
Vary: Accept-Encoding
Content-Encoding: gzip
Date: Fri, 18 May 2012 11:38:11 GMT
Content-Length: 10051
Connection: keep-alive
Set-Cookie: _FS=mkt=de-AT&NU=1; domain=.bing.com; path=/
Set-Cookie: _SS=SID=9C9E9DA7CB2B43F8B5832A8854ECF181; domain=.bing.com; path=/
Set-Cookie: MUID=264FA59BF1D561753F42A6FFF0D26193; expires=Sun, 18-May-2014 11:38:11 GMT; domain=.bing.com; path=/
Set-Cookie: OrigMUID=264FA59BF1D561753F42A6FFF0D26193%2c5546792e35a8415997835740de96da67; expires=Sun, 18-May-2014 11:38:11 GMT; domain=.bing.com; path=/
Set-Cookie: SRCHD=D=2303258&MS=2303258&AF=NOFORM; expires=Sun, 18-May-2014 11:38:11 GMT; domain=.bing.com; path=/
Set-Cookie: SRCHUID=V=2&GUID=EFF4F73D88574A12B17D3F6371AEC69D; expires=Sun, 18-May-2014 11:38:11 GMT; path=/
Set-Cookie: SRCHUSR=AUTOREDIRE=0&GEOVAR=&DOB=20120518; expires=Sun, 18-May-2014 11:38:11 GMT; domain=.bing.com; path=/

.....|v.8...|.....E....L.d.yq...N.....HHb."..X..5g.b.....}.....@.....S.2...@ "...@.....^V....
\.....B.....f.....b/.....oI...d9h6w...j.a4k..o~AX&6...Dj...KN.Y.....RR.....@7...>.../
hbw.0Hh.x$. _.&~.V....4..d.8".....S..".z#y\Bo.....eR.w....`Rr.l.....=..y~/..7.....f.....k.!8..lnM..A.
```

Find Save As Print Entire conversation (113759 bytes)  ASCII  EBCDIC  Hex Dump  C Arrays  Raw

Help Filter Out This Stream Close



- Keep-alive: Requested by browser and accepted by sender
  - Result: After the end of the first response, there follows immediately the next request and response
- Content-Encoding: gzip
  - The content would have to be saved as a binary file and then unzipped to access it (selecting & copying won't work!)
- Response: Normal response headers, P3P information and lots of cookies!
  - 7 cookies, but note: we didn't send even a single one!
    - » Would have been in the request header
  - Careful: Second request in this stream already knows the headers and does send them with the request!





# Wireshark HTTP - Stream

Follow TCP Stream

Stream Content

```

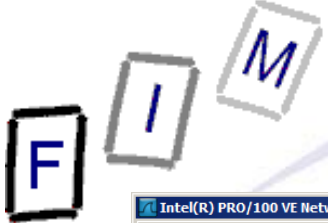
$.m6.@...k...PH.B....<x.:`G.t'`a.Kt;..].....
..g..C=...#TZ.....|v...e7...[r.5...H7#...3:FX|.d....<g.w.)...(.@..ui.`$.s..~.G4V..0
H.l.qm..2={.2...lh...}{E...2...f...6S...M...t.W...m.%D..^...{.p9.U....._Ke#.
[3~.t...o'e...gu...y.}f...q.]...bs.)...|.GDC..^...MH.?=.0...1.g.-...}.d~...
$.~...B12.7@.9.g..[.z...2f.SA...sCO..r...\.x./4.U...K.Y...2
...|Z...a...y.gs$.0.IH.IH5..v.oO...(.k!.M.d.)....."m
(.t.E...do...#...x.1...m6...C?.8"i.*.8.P./...MK.*'.../..8.y]...i.....&L.
%.;.M{^[.B. V.:...m.%...%L..1.92)..eg9.bs.Pf..v".%.p.5.r.KY...*.OM...N#.Pk..7...s...hiE.g.)
n./e.>...~#4.#...O.YM..A..G.4xj.FMS..j.kx..ir..i.f.....Y...`P..[Ft].+.....G...j//.....
.(C.....Q..^...#.#.
.....{/..IX...fz.....:q..J.F..d.o../XX...rX.....^..=&.....?.?.3W_.d..GET /fd/s/a/h9.png
HTTP/1.1
Host: www.bing.com
Connection: keep-alive
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (windows NT 6.1; wow64) AppleWebKit/535.19 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/18.0.1025.168
Safari/535.19
Accept: */*
Referer: http://www.bing.com/?cc=at
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, sdch
Accept-Language: de-DE, de; q=0.8, en-US; q=0.6, en; q=0.4
Accept-Charset: ISO-8859-1, utf-8; q=0.7, *; q=0.3
Cookie: _FS=mkt=de-AT&NU=1; _SS=SID=9C9E9DA7CB2B43F8B5832A8854ECF181; MUID=264FA59BF1D561753F42A6FFF0D26193;
OrigMUID=264FA59BF1D561753F42A6FFF0D26193%2c5546792e35a8415997835740de96da67;
SRCHD=D=2303258&MS=2303258&AF=NOFORM; SRCHUID=V=2&GUID=EFF4F73D88574A12B17D3F6371AEC69D;
SRCHUSR=AUTOREDIR=0&GEOVAR=&DOB=20120518

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Length: 8901
Content-Type: image/png
Last-Modified: Mon, 10 Oct 2011 18:35:52 GMT
X-N: S
Cache-Control: public, max-age=12463992
Date: Fri, 18 May 2012 11:38:12 GMT

```

Find Save As Print Entire conversation (113759 bytes)  ASCII  EBCDIC  Hex Dump  C Arrays  Raw

Help Filter Out This Stream Close



# Wireshark HTTP authentication

Intel(R) PRO/100 VE Network Connection - Wireshark

File Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony Tools Help

Filter: http

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
13	6.804169	140.78.100.211	213.165.65.100	HTTP	POST /de/cgi/login HTTP/1.1 (application/x-www-form-urlencoded)
15	6.945697	213.165.65.100	140.78.100.211	HTTP	HTTP/1.1 302 Found (text/html)
19	6.985769	140.78.100.211	213.165.64.71	HTTP	GET /?status=login-failed HTTP/1.1
21	7.019225	213.165.64.71	140.78.100.211	HTTP	HTTP/1.1 301 Moved Permanently (text/html)
25	7.058273	140.78.100.211	213.165.64.72	HTTP	GET /?status=login-failed HTTP/1.1
42	7.180847	213.165.64.72	140.78.100.211	HTTP	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/html)
47	7.568014	140.78.100.211	213.165.64.72	HTTP	GET /uim.html HTTP/1.1
50	7.597259	140.78.100.211	217.72.204.172	HTTP	GET /ngvar.js HTTP/1.1
51	7.607270	213.165.64.72	140.78.100.211	HTTP	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/html)
52	7.623443	140.78.100.211	2.21.93.234	HTTP	Continuation or non-HTTP traffic
55	7.630422	217.72.204.172	140.78.100.211	HTTP	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (application/x-javascript)
64	7.831915	140.78.100.211	217.72.203.250	HTTP	GET /?LogoutAdProxy.service=hpfirst&site=qmx&section=qmx/homepage/start/at/&c...

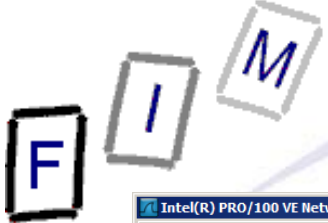
Frame 13 (754 bytes on wire, 754 bytes captured)

- Ethernet II, Src: IntelCor\_e9:2d:7f (00:13:20:e9:2d:7f), Dst: Intel\_40:e1:0d (00:07:e9:40:e1:0d)
- Internet Protocol, Src: 140.78.100.211 (140.78.100.211), Dst: 213.165.65.100 (213.165.65.100)
- Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 12107 (12107), Dst Port: http (80), Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 700
- Hypertext Transfer Protocol
  - POST /de/cgi/login HTTP/1.1\r\n
    - [Expert Info (Chat/Sequence): POST /de/cgi/login HTTP/1.1\r\n]
      - Request Method: POST
      - Request URI: /de/cgi/login
      - Request Version: HTTP/1.1
      - Host: service.gmx.net\r\n
      - Connection: keep-alive\r\n
    - Content-Length: 116\r\n
      - [Content length: 116]
    - Cache-Control: max-age=0\r\n
    - origin: http://www.gmx.at\r\n
    - User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; WOW64) AppleWebKit/535.19 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/18.0.1025.168 Safari/535.19\r\n
    - Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded\r\n
    - Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,\*/\*;q=0.8\r\n
    - Referer: http://www.gmx.at/?status=login-failed\r\n
    - Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate,sdch\r\n
    - Accept-Language: de-DE,de;q=0.8,en-US;q=0.6,en;q=0.4\r\n
    - Accept-Charset: ISO-8859-1,utf-8;q=0.7,\*;q=0.3\r\n\r\n
  - Line-based text data: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
    - AREA=1&EXT=redirect&EXT2=&dlevel=c&id=test%40gmx.at&p=password&jsenabled=true&uingerid=ac14087b-27496-1337344698-6

```

0250 70 74 2d 43 68 61 72 73 65 74 3a 20 49 53 41 2d 6f 63 65 74 3a 20 49 53 41 2d
0260 38 38 35 39 2d 31 2c 75 74 66 2d 38 3b 71 3d 30 8859-1,utf-8;q=0
0270 2e 37 2c 2a 3b 71 3d 30 2e 33 0d 0a 0d 0a 41 52 .7,*;q=0.3...AR
0280 45 41 3d 31 26 45 58 54 3d 72 65 64 69 72 65 63 EA=1&EXT=redirec
0290 74 26 45 58 54 32 3d 26 64 6c 65 76 65 6c 3d 63 t&EXT2=&dlevel=c
02a0 26 69 64 3d 74 65 73 74 25 34 30 67 6d 78 2e 61 &id=test%40gmx.a
02b0 74 26 70 3d 70 61 73 73 77 6f 72 64 26 6a 73 65 t&p=pass word&jse
02c0 6e 61 62 6c 65 64 3d 74 72 75 65 26 75 69 6e 67 nabled=true&uinger
02d0 75 73 65 72 69 64 3d 61 63 31 34 30 38 37 62 2d user id=ac14087b-
02e0 32 37 34 39 36 2d 31 33 33 37 33 34 34 36 39 38 27496-13 37344698
02f0 2d 36 -6
  
```

Text item 0, 116 bytes | Packets: 323 Displayed: 46 Marked: 0 Dropped: 0 | Profile: Default



# Wireshark HTTP authentication + TLS

Intel(R) PRO/100 VE Network Connection - Wireshark

File Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony Tools Help

Filter: ssl || http

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
20	1.708613	140.78.100.211	213.165.65.100	TLSv1	Client Hello
22	1.765842	213.165.65.100	140.78.100.211	TLSv1	Server Hello,
24	1.765849	213.165.65.100	140.78.100.211	TLSv1	Certificate, Server Key Exchange, Server Hello Done
26	1.792478	140.78.100.211	213.165.65.100	TLSv1	Client Key Exchange, Change Cipher Spec, Encrypted Handshake Message, Application Data
27	1.834206	213.165.65.100	140.78.100.211	TLSv1	Encrypted Handshake Message, Change Cipher Spec, Encrypted Handshake Message
28	1.892803	213.165.65.100	140.78.100.211	TLSv1	Application Data, Application Data
37	1.983291	140.78.100.211	213.165.64.71	HTTP	GET /?status=login-failed HTTP/1.1
39	2.016840	213.165.64.71	140.78.100.211	HTTP	HTTP/1.1 301 Moved Permanently (text/html)
47	2.118085	140.78.100.211	213.165.64.72	HTTP	GET /?status=login-failed HTTP/1.1
62	2.242440	213.165.64.72	140.78.100.211	HTTP	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/html)
67	2.591299	140.78.100.211	213.165.64.72	HTTP	GET /uim.html HTTP/1.1
70	2.618334	140.78.100.211	217.72.204.172	HTTP	GET /nvar.is HTTP/1.1

Frame 24 (991 bytes on wire, 991 bytes captured)

- Ethernet II, Src: Intel\_40:e1:0d (00:07:e9:40:e1:0d), Dst: IntelCor\_e9:2d:7f (00:13:20:e9:2d:7f)
- Internet Protocol, Src: 213.165.65.100 (213.165.65.100), Dst: 140.78.100.211 (140.78.100.211)
- Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: https (443), Dst Port: 12203 (12203), Seq: 2921, Ack: 428, Len: 937
- [Reassembled TCP Segments (3800 bytes): #22(1403), #23(1460), #24(937)]
- Secure Socket Layer
  - TLSv1 Record Layer: Handshake Protocol: Certificate
    - Content Type: Handshake (22)
    - Version: TLS 1.0 (0x0301)
    - Length: 3256
    - Handshake Protocol: Certificate
      - Handshake Type: Certificate (11)
      - Length: 3252
      - Certificates Length: 3249
      - Certificates (3249 bytes)
        - Certificate Length: 1007
          - Certificate (id-at-commonName=service.gmx.net,id-at-organizationalUnitName=GMX,id-at-organizationName=1&1 Mail & Media GmbH,id-at-localityName=Montabaur,id-at-organizationalUnitName=Montabaur) Certificate Length: 1136
          - Certificate (id-at-commonName=Thawte SSL CA,id-at-organizationName=Thawte, Inc.,id-at-countryName=US) Certificate Length: 1097
          - Certificate (id-at-commonName=thawte Primary Root CA,id-at-organizationalUnitName=(c) 2006 thawte, Inc. - For author,id-at-organizationalUnitName=Certificate Authority) Certificate Length: 1007
    - TLSv1 Record Layer: Handshake Protocol: Server Key Exchange
      - Content Type: Handshake (22)
      - Version: TLS 1.0 (0x0301)
      - Length: 525
      - Handshake Protocol: Server Key Exchange

```

0000  00 13 20 e9 2d 7f 00 07 e9 40 e1 0d 08 00 45 00  .....@....E.
0010  03 d1 1d 6c 40 00 2d 06 24 90 d5 a5 41 64 8c 4e  ..l@.-$.Ad.N
0020  64 d3 01 bb 2f ab 7e f8 12 e0 22 f1 ac 0f 50 18  d.../..P.
0030  00 0e 7b ed 00 00 8c 9d 91 1f 97 6a 52 cb de 09  ..{.....}R..
0040  36 a4 77 d8 7b 87 50 44 d5 3e 6e 29 69 fb 39 49  6.w.{,PD->n}i.9i
0050  26 1e 09 a5 80 7b 40 2d eb e8 27 85 c9 fe 61 fd  &....{@-.....a.
0060  7e e6 7c 97 1d d5 90 02 03 01 00 01 a3 81 c2 30  ~.|.....0
0070  81 bf 3f 0f 06 d3 55 1d 13 01 01 ff 04 05 30 03  ..0...U.....0.
0080  01 01 ff 30 3b 06 03 55 1d 20 04 34 30 32 30 30  ...0;..U...40200
0090  06 04 55 1d 20 00 30 28 30 26 06 08 2b 06 01 05  ..U..0f0&..+...

```

File: C:\Users\michael\AppData\Local\Temp\wir... Packets: 291 Displayed: 48 Marked: 0 Dropped: 0 Profile: Default



F I M

# Serial number: Photograph

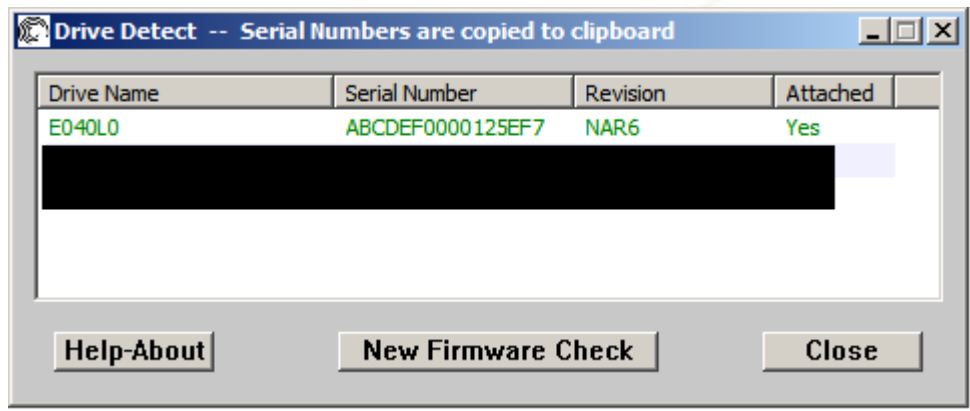


- Code: NAR61HA0
- 6E040L0711214
- E1245D7N

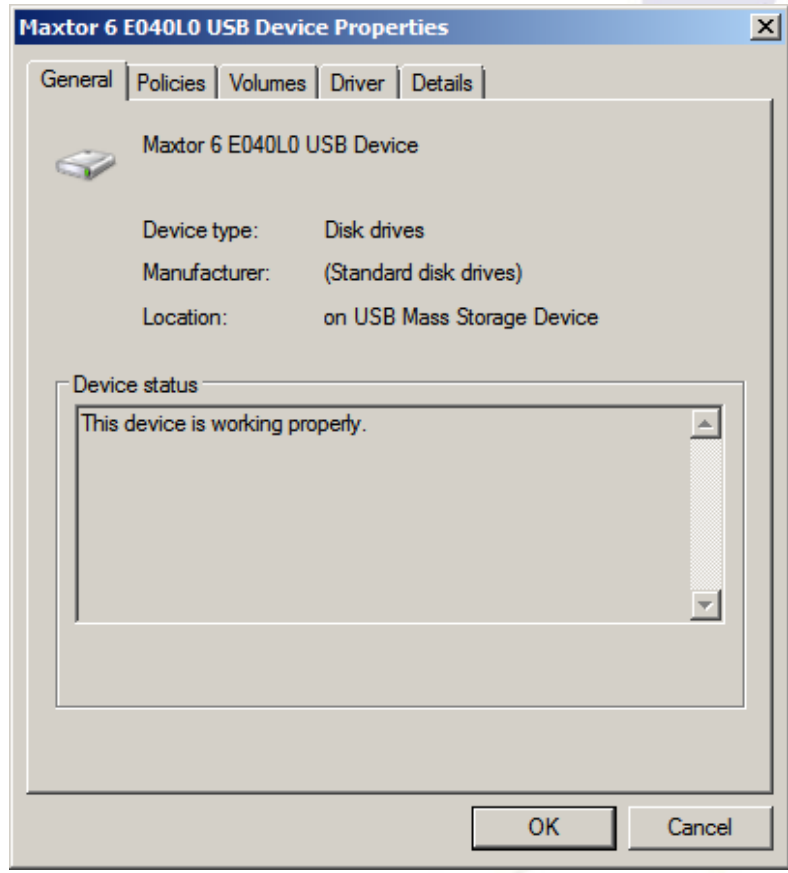
2011/10/1



# Serial number: According to tools



[http://support.seagate.com/firmware/drive\\_config.html](http://support.seagate.com/firmware/drive_config.html)





# Serial number: X-Ways Forensic

**Technical Details Report**

X-Ways Forensics 14.1 SR-2  
13.10.2011, 08:54:05

Hard disk 7  
Model: Maxtor 6E040L0  
Serial No.: \$á  
Firmware Rev.: NAR6

Bus: USB

Total capacity: 41.110.142.976 bytes = 38,3 GB

Number of cylinders: 4.998  
Number of heads: 255  
Sectors per track: 63  
Bytes per sector: 512  
Sector count: 80.293.248  
Sector count: ? [according to ATA]  
Unpartitionable space: 378 Sectors

Partition 1  
Sectors 63 - 208.844  
Partition table: Sector 0  
File system: Ext3  
Total capacity: 106.896.384 bytes = 102 MB  
Sector count: 208.782  
Bytes per sector: 512  
Bytes per cluster: 1.024  
Free clusters: 72.627 = 70% free  
Total clusters: 104.388

Copy All    Close    Help

# Serial number: Web information



## Serial Number Locator



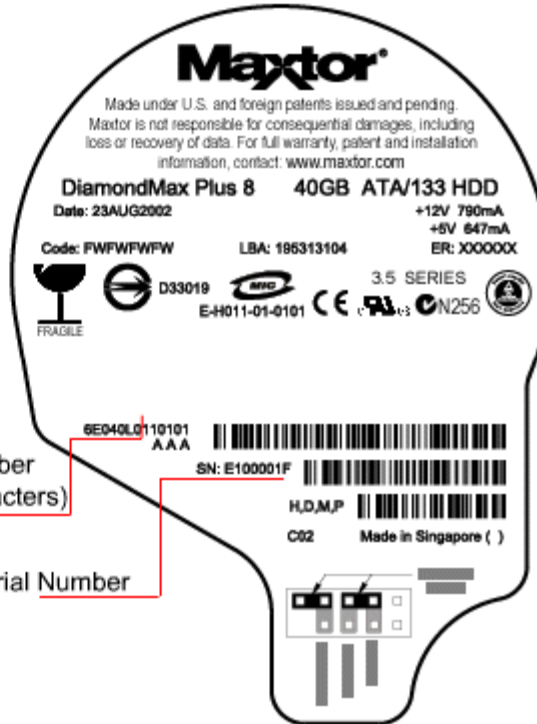
This label type can be found on the following Maxtor drive model:

Diamondmax Plus 8

SeaTools for Windows is a comprehensive, easy-to-use diagnostic tool that helps you quickly determine the condition of the disc drive in your external hard drive, desktop or notebook computer. It includes several tests that will examine the physical media on your Seagate or Maxtor disc drive and any other non-Seagate disc drive. SeaTools for Windows tests USB, 1394, ATA (PATA/IDE), SATA and SCSI drives. It installs onto your system. SeaTools for Windows is completely data safe.

[Download SeaTools](#)

### Maxtor DiamondMax Plus 8



Model Number  
(First 7 characters)

Serial Number

Main Menu

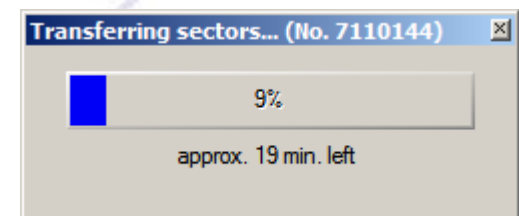
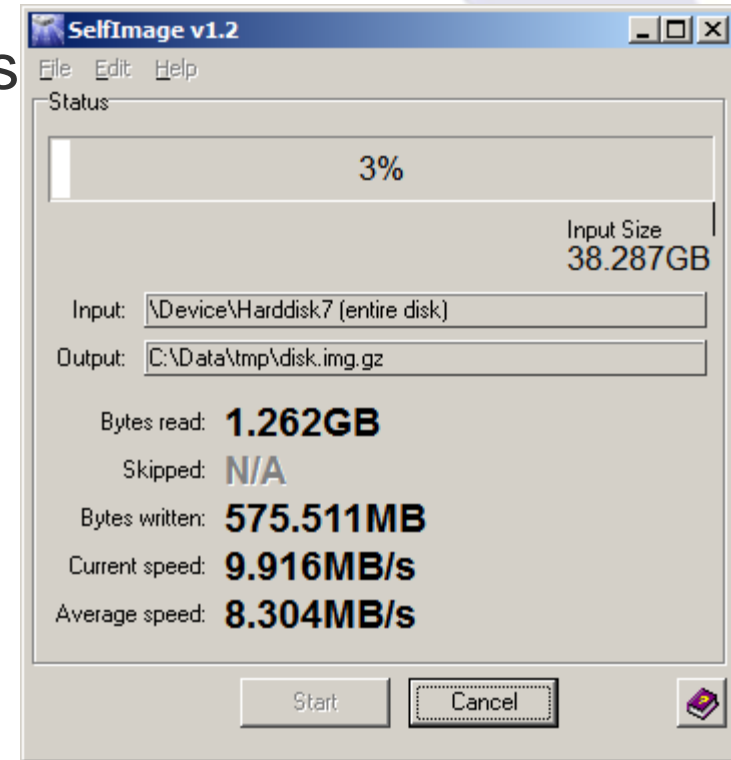
Print

[http://support.seagate.com/kbimg/flash/serial\\_number\\_locator/SerialNumberLocator.html](http://support.seagate.com/kbimg/flash/serial_number_locator/SerialNumberLocator.html)



# Disk image

- Variant A: SelfImage (or other tools)
  - Useful tool, no forensic support
  - Problem: Finding the correct disk
  - No timing/estimate
  - Ca. 500 MB/min
- Variant B: dcfldd
  - Problem: “Permission denied” on Windows 7
- Variant C: X-Ways Forensic
  - Only complete drives or logical drives (=has a drive letter); no partitions
  - Full version needed (or only 200 kB!)
  - Must be run as Administrator
  - Ca. 850 MB/min





- Variant D: OSFClone
  - Self-booting (CD, USB, ...)
  - Free tool
  - Formats: Raw, AFF
  - <http://www.osforensics.com/tools/create-disk-images.html>
- Variant E: FTK Imager
  - Free part of the commercial product “FTK”
    - » Installable version and portable one available
  - Windows program
  - Formats: Raw, AFF, Encase
  - Supports also preview, obtaining copy of protected files (registry), ...

F I M

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# Questions?

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Thank you for your attention!

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- NMap  
<http://nmap.org/>
- Wayback Machine  
<http://www.archive.org/web/web.php>
- DomainTools WhoIs  
<http://whois.domaintools.com>
- MX Toolbox  
<http://www.mxtoolbox.com/>
- Wireshark  
<http://www.wireshark.org/>